SDS Revision Date: 04/23/2015 File No.: 0011

## 1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product Identity Life Calk Primer

Alternate Names Caulk Priming Solution Product Code: 1059

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Promotes adhesion between polysulfide sealants and

their respective substrates.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name Life Industries Corporation

4060 Bridge View Drive N. Charleston, SC 29405

**Emergency** 

**CHEMTREC (USA)** (800) 424-9300

**24 hour Emergency Telephone No.** USA: 1-800-424-9300

Outside USA: +1-703-527-3887

Customer Service: Life Industries Corporation +1-843-566-1225

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 3;H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

Acute Tox. 4;H332 Harmful if inhaled.

Eye Irrit. 2;H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

STOT SE 3;H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

## 2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.



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H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H319 Causes serious eve irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

#### [Prevention]:

P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

P235 Keep cool.

P240 Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

#### [Response]:

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove / Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P304+312 IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician if you feel unwell.

P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing.

P337+313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.

P340 Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P370+378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing media listed in section 5 of SDS for extinction.

## [Storage]:

P403+233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

## [Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
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Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate CAS Number: 0000108-65-6	75 - 100	Flam. Liq. 3;H226	[1]
Alkyl Benzyl Phthalate CAS Number: 0068515-40-2	25 - 50	Not Classified	[1]
3-Glycidyloxypropyl-trimethoxysilane CAS Number: 0002530-83-8	10 - 25	Eye Dam. 1;H318	[1]
Butanone CAS Number: 0000078-93-3	10 - 25	Flam. Liq. 2;H225 Eye Irrit. 2;H319 STOT SE 3;H336	[1][2]
Cyclohexanone CAS Number: 0000108-94-1	10 - 25	Flam. Liq. 3;H226 Acute Tox. 4;H332	[1][2]

In accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200, the specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

## 4. First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give

artificial respiration. If unconscious place in the recovery position and obtain immediate

medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.

**Eyes** Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and

seek medical attention.

Skin Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a

recognized skin cleanser.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Guard against aspiration into lungs by having the individual turn on

> to their left side. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical attention. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent

aspiration of liquid into the lungs.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Overview Eye Contact: Vapors are moderately irritating to the eyes.

Skin Contact: Prolonged or repeated contact may cause defatting and drying of the skin.

Inhalation: Vapors are moderately irritating to the respiratory passages. In rare cases may sensitize heart muscle causing heart arrhythmia. The liquid when accidently aspirated into

the lungs can cause a severe inflammation of the lung.

Ingestion: None known

<sup>[1]</sup> Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

<sup>[2]</sup> Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

<sup>[3]</sup> PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

<sup>\*</sup>The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

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Notes to Physician: The main hazard following accidental ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the lungs producing chemical pneumonitis. If more than 2.0 mL/kg has been ingested, vomiting should be induced with supervision.

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage. See section 2 for further details.

**Inhalation** Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Eyes** Causes serious eye irritation.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Recommended extinguishing media; alcohol resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powder, water spray.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: Carbon Oxides and Silicone Dioxide

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

Keep cool.

Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

#### 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Fire fighters should wear full protective clothing, including self-contained breathing equipment.

Combustible. Vapor forms a flammable / explosive mixture with air between upper and lower flammable limits. Do not use water except as a fog. Containers exposed to intense heat from fires should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build-up which could result in container rupture. Containers exposed to direct flame contact should be cooled with large quantities of water as needed to prevent weakening of container structure. Do not enter confined fire space without adequate protective clothing and an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

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## 6. Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources. Handling equipment must be grounded. Isolate hazard area and restrict access. Try to work upwind of spill. Avoid direct contact with material. Wear appropriate breathing apparatus (if applicable) and protective clothing. Stop leak only if safe to do so. Dike and contain land spills; contain water spills by booming. Use water fog to knock down vapors; contain runoff. For large spills, remove by mechanical means and place in appropriate containers for disposal. Absorb residue or small spills with absorbent material and remove to non-leaking containers for disposal. Flush area with water to remove trace residue.

## 7. Handling and storage

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Hot surfaces may be sufficient to ignite liquid even in the absence of sparks or flames. Vapors may accumulate and travel to distant ignition sources and flashback. Empty containers may contain hazardous product residues. Extinguish pilot lights, cigarettes and turn off other sources of ignition prior to use and until all vapors are gone. Do not pressurize drum containers to empty them. Air-dry contaminated clothing in a well ventilated area before laundering. Avoid breathing vapors and prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Launder contaminated clothing prior to reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Naked flames and smoking should not be permitted in storage areas. It is recommended that fork lift trucks and electrical equipment are protected to the appropriate standard.

Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents; Acids and Bases.

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from heat and ignition sources. Use explosion-proof ventilation to prevent vapor accumulation.

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

# 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

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## 8.1. Control parameters

## Exposure

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0000078-93-3	Butanone	OSHA	TWA 200 ppm (590 mg/m3)
			TWA: 50 ppm STEL: 100 ppm
		NIOSH	TWA 200 ppm (590 mg/m3) ST 300 ppm (885 mg/m3)
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0000108-65-6	Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	OSHA	No Established Limit
	acetate	ACGIH	TWA: 50 ppm STEL: 75 ppm
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0000108-94-1 Cyclohexanone		OSHA	TWA 50 ppm (200 mg/m3)
	ACGIH	TWA: 20 ppm STEL: 50 ppm Skin Revised 2003,	
		NIOSH	TWA 25 ppm (100 mg/m3) [skin]
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0002530-83-8	3-Glycidyloxypropyl-trimethoxysilane	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0068515-40-2	Alkyl Benzyl Phthalate	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit

## Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value		
0000078-93-3	Butanone	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
0000108-65-6	Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
	acetate	NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
0000108-94-1	94-1 Cyclohexanone		Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: Yes; Group 4: No;		
0002530-83-8	3-Glycidyloxypropyl-	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
	trimethoxysilane	NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
0068515-40-2	Alkyl Benzyl Phthalate	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No		

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		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;
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8.2. Exposure controls

**Respiratory** If exposure exceeds occupational exposure limits, use an appropriate NIOSH-approved

respirator. Use a NIOSH-approved chemical cartridge respirator with organic vapor cartridges or use a NIOSH approved supplied-air respirator. For high airborne

concentrations, use a NIOSH -approved supplied-air respirator, either self-contained or

airline breathing apparatus, operated in positive pressure mode.

**Eyes** Chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield to protect eyes and face, if product is

handled such that it could be splashed into eyes.

**Skin** In confined spaces or where the risk of skin exposure is much higher, impervious clothing

and gloves should be worn.

**Engineering Controls** Electrical and mechanical equipment should be explosion proof. Concentrations in air

should be maintained below lower explosive limit at all times or below the recommended threshold limit value if unprotected personnel are involved. Local ventilation recommended where mechanical ventilation is ineffective in controlling airborne concentrations below the recommended occupational exposure limit. For personnel entry into confined spaces (i.e. bulk storage tanks) a proper confined space entry procedure must be followed including ventilation and testing of tank atmosphere. Make up air should always be supplied to

balance air exhausted (either generally or locally).

**Other Work Practices** Ensure showers and eyewash stations are available. Use good personal hygiene practices.

Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled

clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** Clear Liquid

**Odor** Mild

Odor thresholdNot MeasuredpHNot MeasuredMelting point / freezing pointNot MeasuredInitial boiling point and boiling range71C (160F)

Flash Point 47C (116F) Tag Closed Cup

Evaporation rate (Ether = 1) Not Measured
Flammability (solid, gas) Not Applicable

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Lower Explosive Limit: Not Measured

**Upper Explosive Limit:** Not Measured

Vapor pressure (Pa)Not MeasuredVapor DensityNot Measured

Specific Gravity

Solubility in Water Slightly soluble in water

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) Not Measured

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Auto-ignition temperature93C (200F)Decomposition temperatureNot MeasuredViscosity (cSt)Not Measured

% Volatile 87%

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid excessive heat, open flames and all ignition sources.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents; Acids and Bases.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon Oxides and Silicone Dioxide

# 11. Toxicological information

#### **Acute toxicity**

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate - (108-65-6)	8,532.00, Rat - Category: NA	5,000.00, Rabbit - Category: 5	No data available	No data available	4,345.00, Rat - Category: NA
Alkyl Benzyl Phthalate - (68515-40-2)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available

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3-Glycidyloxypropyl-trimethoxysilane - (2530-83-8)	8,030.00, Rat - Category: NA	4,248.00, Rabbit - Category: 5	No data available	5.30, Rat - Category: NA	No data available
Butanone - (78-93-3)	2,737.00, Rat - Category: 5	6,480.00, Rabbit - Category: NA	32.00, Mouse - Category: NA	No data available	No data available
Cyclohexanone - (108-94-1)	1,400.00, Mouse - Category: 4	948.00, Rabbit - Category: 3	10.70, Rat - Category: 4	No data available	8,000.00, Rat - Category: 4

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	4	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin corrosion/irritation		Not Applicable
Serious eye damage/irritation	2	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable
Skin sensitization		Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity		Not Applicable
Reproductive toxicity		Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure	3	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT-repeated exposure		Not Applicable
Aspiration hazard		Not Applicable

# 12. Ecological information

## 12.1. Toxicity

The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and GHS and is not classified as dangerous for the environment, but contains substance(s) dangerous for the environment. See section 3 for details

## **Aquatic Ecotoxicity**

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish,	48 hr EC50 crustacea,	ErC50 algae,
	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate - (108-65-6)	100.00, Salmo gairdneri	500.00, Daphnia magna	Not Available

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Alkyl Benzyl Phthalate - (68515-40-2)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
3-Glycidyloxypropyl-trimethoxysilane - (2530-83-8)	55.00, Cyprinus carpio	473.00, Daphnia magna	255.00 (72 hr), Scenedesmus subspicatus
Butanone - (78-93-3)	400.00, Cyprinodon variegatus	520.00, Daphnia magna	500.00 (96 hr), Skeletonema costatum
Cyclohexanone - (108-94-1)	527.00, Pimephales promelas	820.00, Daphnia magna	32.90 (72 hr), Chlamydomonas reinhardtii

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

## 13. Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

**DOT (Domestic Surface** 

# 14. Transport information

IMO / IMDG (Ocean

ICAO/IATA

Transportation) Transportation)

14.1. UN number UN3272 UN3272 UN3272

14.1. UN number UN3272 UN3272 UN3272

14.2. UN proper shipping UN3272, Esters, n.o.s., 3, Esters, n.o.s. Esters, n.o.s. name

14.3. Transport hazard DOT Hazard Class: 3 IMDG: 3Sub Class: Not Air Class: 3

class(es)
Applicable

14.4. Packing group
III
III

14.5. Environmental hazards

**IMDG** Marine Pollutant: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

No further information

# 15. Regulatory information

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**Regulatory Overview** The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected

regulations are represented.

**Toxic Substance** All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA

Control Act (TSCA) Inventory.

WHMIS Classification B3 D2B

US EPA Tier II Hazards Fire: Yes

Sudden Release of Pressure: No

Reactive: No

Immediate (Acute): Yes Delayed (Chronic): No

#### EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs (lbs):

Butanone (5,000.00)

Cyclohexanone (5,000.00)

#### **EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### **EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

## Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

## Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

## **Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

## Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

## New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%):

Butanone

Cyclohexanone

#### Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%):

Butanone

Cyclohexanone

## 16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

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H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

This is the first version in the GHS SDS format. Listings of changes from previous versions in other formats are not applicable.

DISCLAIMER: The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. Life Industries Corporation assumes no liability for misinterpretation of the data contained within this form as any type of warranty or guarantee of the product.

**End of Document**